The Project Atahuallpa is the result of three years of research in which many data were collected and continuous exchange of scientific publications took place. The target was the Sole and Koa Island situated at e Titicaca Lake. The main objectives were first the choice of a selected bibliography and documents, then the personal meeting with the local staff and finally the geographic exploration. During the research many disciplines such as Geology, Hydrogeology, Archeology and Hyperbaric Medicine were employed.

The EXPEDITION ATAHUALPA 2000 was very successful and the staff from AKAKOR GEOGRAPHICAL EXPLORING SOCIETY had synthesize modern concept of exploration involving 26 researches and technicians from three different countries: Italy (10) Brazil (10), Bolivia (6) who during the twenty working days did 250 scientific dives, bottom measurement, physical and chemical water analyses, topography, archaeology survey, geography, geology, underwater and land chemistry, forty five hours of film and four thousands of photos. It was also realized medical studies related to the divers behave in relation to the high altitudes.

It was discovered in a broad area at the depth from ten to thirty meters deep the remains of a temple, a road and some terrace provably related to each other. During the exploration was recuperated from the lake three vases, ceramics and many handworks from the Inca period showing that the theory we based was right, the level of the lake was much higher and the coast line quite different.